Intentional Torts

Any direct invasion of a protected interest (integrity, liberty and privacy) from a positive act is actionable subject to legal justification

Battery

Battery is the intentional contact with the body of another person without that person's consent. The elements to constitute a batter are as follows:

- A Positive Act as opposed to an omission (however omissions can be a continuation after a positive act even if accidental) (Fagan v Metropolitan Police Commissioner)
- 2. **Direct (fault element) and Intentional or negligent act** intention to do a direct act, not necessarily causes the consequence. Where directness is an interference with the person (**Hutchins v Maughlan**)
- Unlawful touching Touching without consent that would not occur in the generally acceptable ordinary conduct of daily life (Rixon v Star City Casino)
- Scott v Shepherd (1773) "intermediate acts of battery are merely continuations of the defendants original act if they are inevitably excited in self defense
- **Rixon v Star City Casino (2001)** "any touching of the person can amount to battery with the exception of what is generally acceptable in the ordinary conduct of everyday life"