

Digital Marketing

MKF3881

Weekly topic notes

S2 2017

Topics covered

Week 2	Technology and its impact on Business
Week 3	Strategic digital marketing
Week 4	Understanding digital consumers
Week 5	Digital business models
Week 6	Search marketing
Week 7	Analytics, evaluation and reporting
Week 8	Email marketing & CRM
Week 9	Mobile marketing
Week 10	Digital campaigns, media & video marketing
Week 11	Emerging technology & its potential impact

MKF3881 Weekly summaries

Week 2: Technology and its impact on Business

Definitions –

eCommerce:

Shopping sites. Transactions that occur. One small concept of eMarketing.

eBusiness:

A business and all of its functions start to adopt digital technologies (marketing is one).

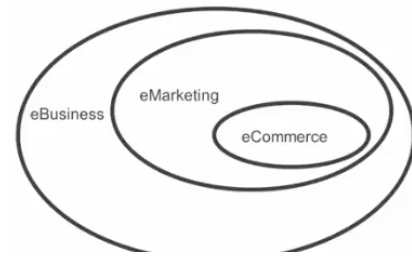
eMarketing:

Digital function of marketing

eMarketing = **Digital Marketing**

“The use of information communication tech (ICT) to understand, create, communicate and deliver value to customers and the org”

Adds a layer of technology onto marketing → Storing, processing and delivering information



“Information economy”

Post industrial economy → where orgs grew through manufacturing

Assets now can be intangible (data)

Themes of Information Economy:

- Information assets (compared to physical assets)
- Digitalisation (of info) – 1’s & 0’s
- Speed (of communication)/communicated rapidly
- Intellectual property
- Convergence (combining functionality)/e.g. mobile phone (has replaced other devices)

Relies on connections → networks

Only exists because of connections people have with each other. Tech is an enabler → rely on networks.

Networks:

Series of nodes, places, and addresses connected together in some organised way such that each component is identifiable.

- Identifiers (IP ‘Internet protocol’ addresses)
- Directories (DNS)
- Routing of into (gateways etc.)
- Connections (permanent or temporary)

Internet:

Global system of interconnected computer networks

Lower case “i” – Wired 2004 Aug → no longer capitalize I in internet

History of the internet:

- IT crowd, Life Noggin, TED talk by journalist Andrew Blum

World wide web (www):

A system of interlinked, hypertext documents that runs over the internet

“Created” by Tim Berners-Lee 1990

www Themes:

Internet should be a web, not a hierarchy

Computers should enable humans to work better in groups

We should be editable as well as browsable

1990 → first website created

First ISP (service provider) – The World

1993 → CERN is free for anyone

First commercial websites

1994 → first commercial spam

First banner ad sold

1995 → ebay started

1998 → google started

2004 → the facebook started

Web 2.0

Buzz-word

Network as a platform

User-generated content → Marketing “CGM” consumer-generated media” → social media

Interaction or attitude

Collaboration & sharing

→ relates to Tim Berners-Lee

Social Media:

1. Social media services are currently Web 2.0 Internet-based applications
2. User-generated content is lifeblood of social media
3. Individuals and groups create user-specific profiles for sites/apps designed & maintained by a social media service
4. Facilitates the development of social networks online by connecting a profile with those of other individuals and/or groups.

Socialnomics:

Book to read?

How we live and do business

How business use social media?

“Inc 500” top 500 fastest growing privately owned companies on using social media.

94% use LinkedIn

88% use Fb

79% twitter

42% blogs

46% Insta