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SECTION 51(XXIX): EXTERNAL AFFAIRS

Power to implement laws in relation to external affairs.

S 51(XXIX): External affairs

Section 51(xxix) of the Commonwealth Constitution provides:

The parliament shall, subject to this Constitution, have power to make laws for the peace, order, and good government of the Commonwealth with respect to ... external affairs.

Test -

1. Scope (Is it an external affair?)

a. Geographically external, recognised by parliament as affecting Australia: *Horta v Commonwealth*; *XYZ v Commonwealth*.

2. Implementation

- a. *Koowarta v Bjelke-Peterson (1982)* Mason J waffled on but Stephen J wrote the ratio
- b. Tasmanian Dams Case (1983) -
- c. Industrial Relations Act Case (1996) -
- 3. 'International concern'
- 4. Limitations

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- 1. Scope
- 2. Is the law reasonably appropriate and adapted as a means of achieving the purpose of the treaty? (Tasmanian Dams case)
 - a. The purpose of the treaty must be <u>clear</u> (not merely aspirational/vague): <u>Industrial Relations Act</u> case, upholding Deane J in Tas Dams case.
 - i. Aspirational (hopeful/desirability)

- ii. Vague (doesn't define actual parameters of the treaty, 'reasonable measures' but reasonable not defined)
- b. The law must be faithful to the purpose: Tasmanian Dams case. A matter of proportionality limitations: **qualitative** (effect of law is such that it does not affect anything that the treaty concerns itself with, then the law is not faithful to purpose; if so much of the law has nothing to do with the treaty, then it is not faithful) and **quantitative** (issue of severability; enough of the law is about the treaty).
- c. Pretext but not enough of an argument on its own.
- 3. 'International concern' (not an independent basis for getting the law under the external affairs power you need all the other elements too, just being of 'international concern' is not enough). (Stephen J in *Koorwarta*)

Note: When is doubt for an authority for external affairs, just use Tasmanian Dams case!!!

SECTION 51(XX): CORPORATIONS POWER

Section 51(xx): The corporations power

Section 51(xx) of the Commonwealth Constitution provides:

The parliament shall, subject to this Constitution, have power to make laws for the peace, order, and good government of the Commonwealth with respect to ... foreign corporations, and trading or financial corporations formed within the limits of the Commonwealth.

Section 51(xxxv): The industrial relations power

Section 51(xxxv) of the Commonwealth Constitution provides:

The parliament shall, subject to this Constitution, have power to make laws for the peace, order, and good government of the Commonwealth with respect to ... conciliation and arbitration for the prevention and settlement of industrial disputes extending beyond the limits of any one State.

Main cases:

- *Adamson's Case* Activities and purpose test
- Queensland Rail Develops ^ test
- *In Re Dingian* Interpretation of power
- Work Choices Interpretation of power

Test -

- 1. (Scope) Is the corporation a 'constitutional corporation'?
 - a. Look at activities, then purpose: Adamson's case.