# 92322 Medical Surgical Nursing

## Week One

### Lab - Oxygen

When is oxygen indicated?

- How had the patient is working
- · Sound and depth of breathing
- Increased respiratory rate (>20/min)
- Nasal flaring
- Accessory muscle use
- Patient colour
- Increased blood pressure
- Tachycardia
- Decreased mental status (GCS)

#### What is oxygen?

- Colourless, odourless gas that sustains normal cell functioning within the body
- Considered a drug
- Depending upon hospital protocol, can be nurse initiated
- Room air is 21% oxygen, 78% nitrogen and 1% other gases. Therefore fraction of inspired air (FiO2) is 21%
- 97% of oxygen is bound to haemoglobin in the blood with 35 dissolved in plasma

#### Which mask?

- Nasal prongs/cannula
  - o FiO2
    - > 1 litre/min = 24%
    - > 2 litres/min = 28%
    - > 3 litres/min = 32%
    - ➤ 4 litres/min = 36%
- Hudson mask (simple or variable performance mask)
  - o Recommended for type 1 respiratory failure (hypoxia)
  - Flexible percentage of O2 ranging from 5L 7L/min (FiO2 30 60%)
  - Adjusting O2 flow rate can accurately alter the O2 concentration delivers to the patient
  - Patient re-breathes their expired air along with air from outside the mask with the O2 flow
  - Mixture varies with patient rate and depth of breathing, and O2 inspired can be inconsistent

- o FiO2
  - > 5 litres/min = 40%
  - > 6 litres/min = 44%
  - > 7 litres/min = 50%
  - > 8 litres/min = 55%
  - > 9 litres/min = 60%
  - $\rightarrow$  10 litres/min = 60 65%
- Venturi Mask (percentile, accurox, or fixed performance mask)
  - Recommended for type 2 respiratory failure (CO2 retention)
  - Delivers a set percentage of O2 ranging from FiO2 24 55% through a range of valves
  - o O2 reaches valve through narrow tubing where it is mixed with room air
  - Air sucked through small holes in barrel of the venturi valve due to high flow rate of O2
  - Valves are colour coded for the flow rate required for FiO2 concentration on each valve
  - Therefore patient's respiration pattern doesn't affect accurate concentration of FiO2
  - Number of side holes allow escape for exhaled air therefore eliminating CO2 rebreathing
  - o FiO2
    - 4 litres/min = 24%
    - ➤ 4 litres/min = 28%
    - > 6 litres/min = 31%
    - > 8 litres/min = 35%
    - > 8 litres/min = 40%
    - > 12 litres/min = 55%
- Reservoir mask (non re-breather mask
  - o Recommended for type 1 respiratory failure (hypoxia) and acute situations
  - For high flow of oxygen
  - Short term therapy
  - Reservoir bag attached to bottom of mask fills with O2 and must be kept inflated
  - Can deliver higher O2 than simple face mask
  - On inhalation, one way valve opens, directing O2 from reservoir bad into mask therefore patient breathes air from reservoir bag only
  - o Prevents room air entering the masks, therefore most O2 inhaled
  - Valves allow expired CO2 to leave the mask
  - o FiO2
    - > 8 15 litres/min = 80 100%
- More advanced oxygen delivery systems