MODULE 3 CONSUMER LAW

Exam (Part B) Booklet: Introduction to Business Law (2105AFE) T1/2017

Table of Contents

emplate: Misleading or deceptive conduct		
Template: False or misleading representations		2
Template: Manufacturer liability		4
Template: Unconscionable conduct		6
Cases : Week 7		7
Flowchart: Unconscionable Conduct (s20 & 21)		9
Flowchart: Misleading or Deceptive Conduct – s18		11
False or Misleading Representations – Goods and Services (s 29(1))		12
Flowchart: Manufacturer Liability (Sec 271)		13
Flowchart: Remedies		15
Schedule 2 – The Australian Consumer Law		16
Part 2-1—Misleading or deceptive conduct	19	
Part 3-1—Unfair practices	22	
Part 4-1—Offences relating to unfair practices	31	
Part 5-1—Enforcement	32	

Template: Misleading or deceptive conduct			
Section 18 of the Australian Consumer Law (ACL) has been breached because			
{Party A:} has failed to {insert details of conduct - what they did/failed to			
do} in relation to trade or commerce. This would amount to			
misleading or deceptive conduct as it would perpetuate the mistaken belief that			
{what did they think would happen?}}			
CASE in breach of s18 :	Henjo Investments Pty Ltd v Collins Marrickville Ltd		
	McWilliams Wines Pty Ltd v McDonald's System of Australia Pty Ltd		
A reasonable person would be misled or deceived by such conduct as it			
suggests that {insert details of deceptive act}.			
CASE: Eveready Australia Pty Ltd v Gillette Australia Pty Ltd			
ACCC v Apple Pty Ltd			
CASE (if silence): Taco Company of Aust Inc v Taco Bell Pty Ltd			
Therefore {Party} has breached s18 of ACL.			
Remedies available to cons	sumers (<i>s3</i>) include damages under <i>s236</i> being		
{\$}. The ACCC may seek remedies of an injunction s232 to			
prevent further advertising of the {product} or remedial orders to remove			
all offending brochures, or corrective advertising s246 or civil penalty s224 .			
* Check all available remedies under the Remedies Flow Chart to see if any			
more are relevant based on the facts in the question.			

Module 3 - ACL

P a g e | 1

Template: False or misleading representations Section 29(1) of the Australian Consumer Law (ACL) has been breached } has made a false representation in trade or commerce because (Party A: by {Describe what they have done wrong }. (TPC v Fiona's Clothes Horse Pty Ltd). Specifically there has been a breach of: Select from the following options – there may be more than one:..... s29(1)(a) ACL that goods are of a particular standard, quality, value, grade, composition, style or model or have had a particular history or particular previous use s29(1)(b) ACL that services are of a particular standard, quality, value or grade s29(1)(c) ACL that goods are new s29(1)(d) ACL that a particular person has agreed to acquire goods or services **s29(1)(e)** ACL make a false or misleading representation that purports to be a testimonial by any person relating to goods or services; or **s29(1)(f)** *ACL* make a false or misleading representation concerning: a testimonial by any person; or (ii) a representation that purports to be such a testimonial; relating to goods or services; or **s29(1)(g)** ACL that goods or services have sponsorship, approval, performance characteristics, accessories, uses or benefits s29(1)(h) ACL that the person making the representation has a sponsorship, approval or affiliation s29(1)(i) ACL with respect to the price of goods or services s29(1)(i) ACL concerning the availability of facilities for the repair of goods or of spare parts for goods **s29(1)(k)** *ACL* concerning the place of origin of goods s29(1)(I) ACL concerning the need for any goods or services s29(1)(m) ACL concerning the existence, exclusion or effect of any condition, warranty, guarantee, right or remedy **s29(1)(n)** ACL make a false or misleading representation concerning a requirement to pay for a contractual right that: (i) is wholly or partly equivalent to any condition, warranty, guarantee, right or remedy

Module 3 - ACL

(ii) a person has under a law of the Commonwealth, a State or a Territory (other than an

(including a guarantee under Division 1 of Part 3-2); and

unwritten law).

Likewise, there is a breach of s18 ACL as the failure to <i>{insert details of what</i>			
they failed to do	} would amount to misleading or deceptive		
conduct as it would perpetuate the mistaken belief that {describe what did they			
think would happen?}			
CASE in breach of s18 :	Henjo Investments Pty Ltd v Collins Marrickville Ltd		
CASE <u>NOT</u> in breach of s18 :	McWilliams Wines Pty Ltd v McDonald's System of Australia Pty Ltd		
	Australia Pty Ltu		
Therefore {Party} has breached {insert sections s18, s29(1)			
etc}			
Remedies available to consumers (s3) include damages under s236 being			
{\$}. The ACCC may seek remedies of an injunction s232 to			
prevent further advertising of the {product}}; or remedial orders to			
remove all offending brochures, or corrective advertising s246 or civil penalty			
s224 or fine s151 for breach of s29 .			
* Check all available remedies under the Remedies Flow Chart to see if any			
more are relevant based on the facts in the question.			

Module 3 - ACL

Page | 3